

MODIFICATION OF STANDARD KEPCO MODEL BOP 20-10ML KEPCO MODEL BOP 20-10DL

The Kepco Models BOP 20-10ML and BOP 20-10DL have been modified from standard Kepco Models BOP 20-10M and BOP 20-10D, respectively, to be stable handling inductive loads up to 1 Henry.

INSTRUCTION MANUAL CORRECTIONS:

This modification makes the BOP more suitable for a wide variety of applications such as motor testing, testing of magnetic components (coils, speakers, etc.), industrial applications with inductive loads, driving CRT coils, cryogenic applications and powering correcting magnets for medical imaging applications or particle accelerators. The unit is designed to operate in a stable manner in Current or Current Limit Mode for loads up to 1 Henry. They are also stable with any R-L series load combination.

Specifications listed in Table 1 are for BOP 20-10ML and BOP 20-10DL in Current Mode. In voltage mode the dynamic specifications are: bandwidth of 17.5kHz and rise/fall time of $20\mu S$. All other specifications are identical to the standard BOP.

TABLE 1. BOP 20-10ML AND BOP 20-10DL SPECIFICATIONS

Bandwidth (DC to f-3dB)		45)	Recovery at Sten	Load Effect	
Resistive Load, Nominal	Inductive Load, 2mH	Rise/Fall Time ⁽²⁾	Recovery at Step Load Time Constant (3)	Nominal Resistive Load (4)	
6.4 KHz	2.3 KHz	55μS	380μS	12 ppm/Hz	

NOTES:

- (1) Specifications listed are for Current Mode. All other specifications are identical to the standard BOP.
- (2) 10%-90%, short-circuit.
- (3) Time Constant, Short-circuit Nominal Resistive Load.
- (4) Load effect increases nonlinearly with frequency from the typical 0.5 mA in DC- full scale (same as the standard unit) with the average rate listed.

In current mode the bandwidth is reduced when operating with a resistive load. Correspondingly, the rise and fall time of the unit is increased.

If the load impedance at the working frequency multiplied by the peak value of current equals the voltage limit setting, it is recommended that the output voltage be kept below the voltage limit setting to avoid inducing a large distortion of output current. If the voltage limit is reached, the unit's bandwidth can be reduced by connecting an external film capacitor between pins 16 and 18 of the unit's programming connector (PC 12). Table 2 below shows the effect that adding the external capacitor has on the 3dB bandwidth for resistive, resistive-inductive or inductive loads, with less than 10% tolerance (excluding the capacitor tolerance).

TABLE 2. BANDWIDTH CORRECTION

	EXTERNAL CAPACITOR (ACROSS PINS 16 AND 18 OF PC 12 PROGRAMMING CONNECTOR)							
	0.01 μF	0.02 μF	0.05 μF	0.1 μF	0.2 μF	0.5 μF	1 μF	
CORRECTED BANDWIDTH	2.4 KHz	1.3 KHz	0.6 KHz	0.3 KHz	0.15 KHz	0.06 KHz	0.04 KHz	

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